

Laravel - Response

Topics : <u>Laravel</u> Written on <u>December 22, 2023</u>

In Laravel, the **Response** class is used to build HTTP responses that can be sent back to the client. It is part of the Illuminate HTTP package and provides a convenient way to work with HTTP responses. Here are some common operations and features related to the **Response** class in Laravel:

Creating Responses:

You can create responses using various methods. For example, you can use the response helper function or the Response facade:

use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Response;

// Using the response helper function
\$response = response('Hello, World!');

```
// Using the Response facade
$response = Response::make('Hello, World!');
```

Sending JSON Responses:

You can easily send JSON responses using the json method:

return response()->json(['key' => 'value']);

Setting Status Code:

You can set the HTTP status code for the response:

return response('Not Found', 404);

Attaching Headers:

You can attach headers to the response:

return response('Hello')->header('Content-Type', 'text/plain');

Redirecting:

You can create redirects using the redirect method:

```
return redirect('new-url');
```

Attaching Cookies:

As mentioned earlier, you can attach cookies to the response:

return response('Hello')->cookie('username', 'john_doe', 30);

File Downloads:

You can force the user's browser to download a file:

```
return response()->download($pathToFile);
```

Views and HTML Responses:

You can return HTML content or views as responses:

```
return response()->view('welcome');
```

Response Macros:

You can extend the Response class with your own macros for custom functionality:

```
use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Response;
```

```
Response::macro('uppercase', function ($value) {
    return response(strtoupper($value));
});
```

```
// Usage
return response()->uppercase('hello');
```

Response Instances:

You can manipulate response instances using various methods, such as with, withErrors, and header:

```
return response('Hello')->with('key', 'value')->withErrors(['error' =>
'Something went wrong']);
```

© Copyright Aryatechno. All Rights Reserved. Written tutorials and materials by Aryatechno