

# PHP file\_get\_contents() Function

Topics : [PHP Functions](#)

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PHP file\_get\_contents() Function is used to read the contents of a file into a string. A file\_get\_contents() function is PHP built-in function.

**PHP Version :** PHP 4.3+, PHP 5, PHP 7, PHP 8

## Syntax for file\_get\_contents:

```
file_get_contents(string $path, bool $include_path, resource $context, int $start, int $max_length);
```

### Parameter,

*\$path* : Required. It is the path to the file to read.

*\$include\_path* : Optional. Set this parameter to '1' if you want to search for the file in the include\_path.

*\$context* : Optional. A valid context resource created with stream\_context\_create(). If you don't need to use a custom context, you can skip this parameter by null.

*\$start* : Optional. It is initial point in the file to start reading. Negative values count from the end of the file

*\$max\_length* : Optional. It is maximum length of data to read. The default is to read until end of file (EOF) is reached.

## Return values for file\_get\_contents :

PHP file\_get\_contents() Function returns the contents of a file into a string. Also It returns false on failure.

Let's see below example to understand php file\_get\_contents() Function in details.

### Example :

```
<?php
echo file_get_contents("contents.txt");
echo "<br><b>Read file by providing start point and maximum length to read data.</b><br>";
echo file_get_contents("contents.txt",0,NULL,32, 20);
?>
```

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