

PHP file_get_contents() Function

Topics : [PHP Functions](#)

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PHP file_get_contents() Function is used to read the contents of a file into a string. A file_get_contents() function is PHP built-in function.

PHP Version : PHP 4.3+, PHP 5, PHP 7, PHP 8

Syntax for file_get_contents:

file_get_contents(*string \$path, bool \$include_path, resource \$context, int \$start, int \$max_length*);

Parameter,

\$path : Required. It is the path to the file to read.

\$include_path : Optional. Set this parameter to '1' if you want to search for the file in the include_path.

\$context : Optional. A valid context resource created with stream_context_create(). If you don't need to use a custom context, you can skip this parameter by null.

\$start : Optional. It is initial point in the file to start reading. Negative values count from the end of the file

\$max_length : Optional. It is maximum length of data to read. The default is to read until end of file (EOF) is reached.

Return values for file_get_contents :

PHP file_get_contents() Function returns the contents of a file into a string. Also It returns false on failure.

Let's see below example to understand php file_get_contents() Function in details.

Example :

```
<?php
echo file_get_contents("contents.txt");
echo "<br><b>Read file by providing start point and maximum length to read data.</b><br>";
echo file_get_contents("contents.txt",0,NULL,32, 20);
?>
```

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